NEWS & VIEWS

LEHIGH VALLEY LABOR COUNCIL, AFL-CIO
"UNIONS JOINING TOGETHER AS ONE"
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PENNSYLVANIA LABOR COMMUNICATIONS Association

November 2025

The 2025 Labor Ticket

for the Tuesday, November 4 Election. Polls open 7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

How you vote is a personal choice, but the Lehigh Valley Labor Council has endorsed the following candidates after extensive interviews and research. More endorsements on page three.

Matt Tuerk
Allentown Mayor

Tara Zrinski
Northampton County Executive

Josh Siegel
Lehigh County Executive

Zach Cole-Borghi
Lehigh County Council #3

Geoff Brace
Lehigh County Council #4

Sarah Fevig
Lehigh County Council #5

Theresa Fadem
Northampton County Council

Jason Boulette
Northampton County Council

David Holland
Northampton County Council

Evette D'Amore
Allentown School Board

Silagh White
Bethlehem School Board

Shandeka Greenfield
Easton School Board

Ed Keegan
Easton School Board

Meg Sayago
Easton School Board

Trump aide admits plan to cut Social Security

Frank Bisignano, Trump's Social Security commissioner, reveals scheme in September interview on *Fox Business*

Richard Fiesta, Executive Director
Alliance for Retired Americans

On September 18, the commissioner of the Social Security Administration confirmed what we have feared all along: the Trump Administration is preparing to break its promise not to cut Social Security. He admitted they are considering raising the retirement age beyond sixty-seven to address the trust fund shortfall.

Let's be clear: raising the retirement age is a cut in benefits, plain and simple. It forces Americans to work longer for less, it robs the middle class retiree of thousands of dollars they have earned with a lifetime of hard work.

This Administration cannot be trusted with Americans' hard-earned retirement security. Its policies have already drained at least a year of solvency from the trust fund, making the situation worse, not better.

The real solution is fair and straightforward: require the wealthiest Americans to pay their fair share into Social Security. That will strengthen the program for today's retirees and future generations without cutting a single dollar of our earned benefits.

Our members will not sit quietly while politicians in Washington try to dismantle Social Security. We will keep organizing, speaking out, and holding every elected official accountable to protect the benefits we have earned for ourselves, our children, and our grandchildren.

(*Editor's note*: The above statement was issued by Richard Fiesta, executive director of the ARA, in response to SSA Commissioner Frank Bisignano's September 18, 2025 interview on Fox Business. To learn more, visit retiredamericans.org)

Elon Musk and Donald Trump's Biggest Lies about Social Security

Lie 1: Social Security is the "Biggest Ponzi Scheme of all time."

Lie 2: "There's a massive amount of fraud" in Social Security.

Lie 3: Social Security makes up a 'majority of federal spending."

Lie 4: "Believe it or not, government databases list 4.7 million Social Security members aged 100 to 109" and "Having tens of millions of people marked in Social Security as "Alive" when they are definitely dead is a HUGE problem."

Lie 5: Social Security is used by Democrats "as a gigantic magnet to attract illegal immigrants and have them stay in the country."

Lie 6: People pay in and the money "goes out immediately."

Lie 7: Future Social Security obligations "far exceed" tax revenue.

Lie 8: People are living "way longer than expected."

To learn more about the lies regarding Social Security, visit retiredamericans.org

73 million
Number of Americans who rely on Social Security for part or all of their income.

$3 trillion
Amount of money in the Social Security Trust Fund to pay future benefits

1%
Amount of improper Social Security payments that went out between 2015 and 2022

(*Credit*: retiredamericans.org)

Lehigh Valley Labor Council
AFL-CIO
www.lehighvalleyclc.org
Phone 610-366-1358

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Gregg Potter	Executive Vice-President	IUOE #542
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The Lehigh Valley Labor Council *News & Views* is published monthly by the Lehigh Valley Labor Council, AFL-CIO. We are proud members of the Pennsylvania Labor Communications Association, AFL-CIO.

The opinions expressed herein are those of the writers only and do not necessarily express the policy of the Council or any of its affiliates. All articles submitted for publication must be signed and received by the second last Thursday of the month.

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Webmaster

John Weiss	SEIU #668

Labor council prepares for the holidays

Allentown's Roosevelt Elementary school site of council's community service project

The Lehigh Valley Labor Council began the tradition of assisting the community via our holiday party nearly twenty years ago.

Beginning in 2016, Capital Blue Cross committed to the support of a community school with the stipulation that Teen-Works participate financially and the labor community would provide volunteers. Allentown is one of the poorest districts in the state and Roosevelt was one of the first community schools in the country. There is a high percentage of poor families and children with special needs. We could make similar arguments for many districts and schools. We can't help all the kids in the Lehigh Valley who need it, but we do an excellent job at Roosevelt and truly make a difference.

Following is the upcoming schedule for the Lehigh Valley Labor Council's holiday donation drive at Allentown's Roosevelt Elementary school on Monday, December 15.

Friday, December 12, 2025

Labor council holiday party at Shepherd Hills Golf Club, 1101 S. Krocks Rd. Allentown. Please bring an unwrapped, non-violent, American-made toy(s) to benefit the school children at Roosevelt and Sheridan Elementary.

This event is in lieu of our December labor council monthly meeting.

Food and beverages are included at no cost, and we thank Cohen, Feeley, Altemose & Rambo, and Capital Blue Cross for their sponsorships. Festivities are 5:30—9:30 p.m. with beer, wine, soft drinks and buffet.

(*continued on page seven*)

Congressman or Wall Street broker?: US Rep. Rob Bresnahan, Jr. campaigned last year on prohibiting stock trading by members of Congress. Since his inauguration in January, he has been one of the most active stock traders

When Bresnahan, a multimillionaire business executive, ran as a Republican candidate for the 8th House district in the northeast corner of Pennsylvania, he wrote a letter to the *Wilkes-Barre Citizen's Voice* criticizing stock trading by lawmakers. "Too often we hear about how politicians are making millions of dollars during their time in office, and it is sickening." He demanded the practice "come to an end immediately" and berated his opponent for not co-sponsoring legislation. But months after he had been sworn into office, the *New York Times* reported on April 5, 2025 that he had yet to introduce or cosponsor a bill to ban House members from stock trading.

Jason Zweig, an award winning financial journalist for the *Wall Street Journal*, wrote that the freshman lawmaker reported 629 trades as of August 29, 2025. "To put that in perspective," wrote Zweig on September 13, "six hundred stock trades in eight months is an average of four buys or sells every day the market was open." The freshman lawmaker explained that he had to continuously trade stocks otherwise he would "lose money and go broke."

The drive to ban congressional stock trading emerged in 2020 after public revelations that senators had traded health care stocks after closed-door meetings on the coronavirus outbreak. To view Washington, D.C. lawmakers' stock trades, visit www.capitoltrades.com (*Credit:* Wikimedia Commons)

The 2025 Labor Ticket

Tuesday, November 4 Election: Polls open 7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Pennsylvania State Supreme Court retention

Christine Donohue

Kevin Dougherty

David Wecht

Allentown City Council

Cynthia Mota

Jeremy Binder

Cristian Pungo

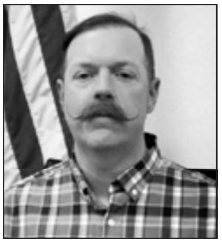
Bethlehem City Council

Jo Daniels

Justin Amann

Easton City Council

Susan Hartranft-Bittinger



Frank Graziano

Monday, October 20: Last day to Register before November election.

Tuesday, October 28: Last day to apply for a mail-in or civilian absentee ballot

Tuesday, November 4: Municipal Election. Last day for county election office to receive completed mail-in and civilian absentee ballots (must be received by 8 p.m.)

For more information, visit:
https://www.pa.gov/agencies/vote/voter-registration.html

"The public be damned"

Trump's proposal to cut corporate disclosure reports recalls Gilded Age's railroad tycoons.

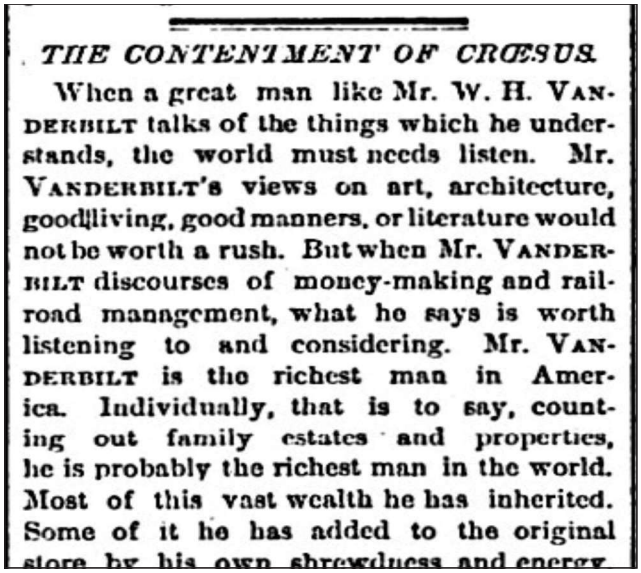
by Ron Ennis, Editor
Lehigh Valley Labor Council

On October 8, 1882, an inquiring news reporter pressed William H. Vanderbilt about potential public backlash to his company's practices. Vanderbilt, the chief of the New York Central Railroad, delivered a response that would become infamous in the annals of public relations: "The public be damned. I am working for my stockholders." (*Fig. #1*)

Fig. 1: William H. Vanderbilt, 1882. Son of Commodore Vanderbilt, he took over the New York Central & Hudson Railroad after his father's death in 1877. When he made his "The public be damned" comment, he oversaw the employment of 15,000 railway workers, 23,000 freight cars, 600 passenger cars, and 638 locomotives. "As many as sixty trains passed each other daily" on parts of the company's network, according to the *New York Times* in a December 9, 1885 front-page story printed the day after he died. He ranked as one of the wealthiest men in the world, with an estimated worth of $200 million at the time of his death. *(Credit*: Wikimedia Commons)

Vanderbilt's callous reply ignited an outrage in the press. "The expression shows not only that a railway boss is the most autocratic of all bosses, but that he knows his power and is well-disposed to use it," the editor of the *Philadelphia Inquirer* opined on October 10, 1882. When the railroad tycoon tried to clarify his remarks two days later in a letter to the *New York Times*, one of his interviewers wrote that "Vanderbilt knew full well that he was giving an interview for the public, and both reporters evince a perfect willingness to . . . make affidavits to the correctness of their reports." Even local newspapers had an opinion toward Vanderbilt. The railway baron can thank the public who has "given him franchises out of which his wealth has come," the editor of the *Lancaster Intelligencer* wrote on October 14. "If anybody is to be damned, it will be Mr. Vanderbilt and not the people. When they come into collision, he will go down like lead." (*Fig. #2*)

Workers had grown alarmed by the unchecked power and influence held by industrial magnates in the late nineteenth century and they resented the sway they had over government officials. Many believed that Vanderbilt's "the public be damned" comment epitomized the motto of the railroad industry, noted historian John Steele Gordon in *American Heritage*. Compounding their ire toward him was his staggering "take-home income of nearly a million dollars a month," a stark contrast to the modest thousand-dollar annual wage deemed decent at the time.



THE CONTENTMENT OF CROESUS.

When a great man like Mr. W. H. VANDERBILT talks of the things which he understands, the world must needs listen. Mr. VANDERBILT'S views on art, architecture, good living, good manners, or literature would not be worth a rush. But when Mr. VANDERBILT discourses of money-making and railroad management, what he says is worth listening to and considering. Mr. VANDERBILT is the richest man in America. Individually, that is to say, counting out family estates and properties, he is probably the richest man in the world. Most of this vast wealth he has inherited. Some of it he has added to the original store by his own shrewdness and energy

Fig. 2: The *New York Times* devoted an entire editorial column on October 10, 1882 rebutting William Vanderbilt's interview to a news reporter two days earlier. The editor described the railroad tycoon as the richest man in America (who) inherited most of his "vast wealth," but "has no concern as to the fate or condition of his fellow-men." His "rule in life is to look out for Number One. The rest of the world must keep out of the way."

Vanderbilt's employment practices included "hiring one man to do two men's work (so that he can) skim the cream from every material pleasure that the world affords."

The headline, "Contentment of Croesus," refers to a sixth century BCE king in western Turkey known for his enormous wealth. (Credit: *New York Times,* October 10, 1882)

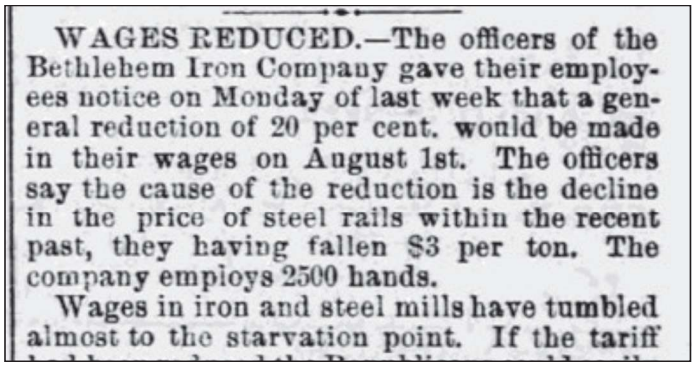
Vanderbilt's sentiments about working Americans highlighted an undeniable economic reality for any company: accountability and transparency are non-negotiable duties to stakeholders. "The public be damned" may work for a monopoly, but CEOs that conduct business in the dark "will not be around . . . for very long," Gordon added. History offers countless examples of CEOs who fell short of their duty. McDonald's removed CEO Steve Easterbrook in 2019 after revelations emerged that he hid personal relationships from the fast food firm, and CEO Richard Smith retired from Equifax in 2017 after he allegedly withheld information about customer data breaches. These businessmen, like many before and since, lost sight of their primary responsibility.

Like Vanderbilt, Donald Trump has his own understanding of accountability. Known for his disregard for checks on executive power, he seeks to dismantle a fifty-year-old safeguard on corporate governance. He has advocated abolishing the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) longstanding requirement for public companies to produce comprehensive financial statements every three months. He argued in a social media post on September 15 that quarterly statements cost too much and proposed shifting to semi-annual reports. And he claimed that the SEC's three-month rule forced executives to prioritize short-term gains, unlike China's elites who have adopted a multi-decade perspective in managing their companies.

But Trump is "wrong in every possible way," wrote James Mackintosh, senior markets editor whose column "Streetwise" appears weekly in the *Wall Street Journal*. "There's nothing long-term about (changing to) six months and it's clearly wrong to think such a move would make a difference." Furthermore, Mackintosh added in his September 20 column entitled "Ditching Quarterly Earnings is a Mistake," Chinese companies are not the model Trump claims: their profit margins lag behind their American counterparts, their industries often overbuild leading to overcapacity, and their economy suffers from excessive government meddling. Companies are much more profitable in America. "Corporate investment overall in the United States . . . is higher than any time before quarterly reporting was introduced in 1970," Mackintosh added.

Meanwhile, the American public has not demanded the SEC change its reporting requirement from quarterly to semi-annually. In fact, increasing the length of time between corporate disclosures defies common sense. "The business cycle is getting shorter, not longer," wrote Jonathan Weil, a finance journalist for the *Wall Street Journal*. In today's rapidly changing economy, "a six-month wait between reports is an eternity."

In his September 17 article entitled "What Investors get from Quarterly Results," Weil added, "Just because information goes unreported for long stretches doesn't mean it ceases to exist. Insiders will have it and act on it." Trump's proposal threatens to reduce access to crucial information and increase risk for workers. They would learn of the company's downturn six months after corporate insiders and institutional investors. His policy changes would further shift power from workers to business elites who would have early access to bad news and could profit from it. Indeed, his push for less accountability and transparency from corporate leaders recalls the late nineteenth century Gilded Age, when the rise of large corporations fueled concerns over power, influence and social inequality.



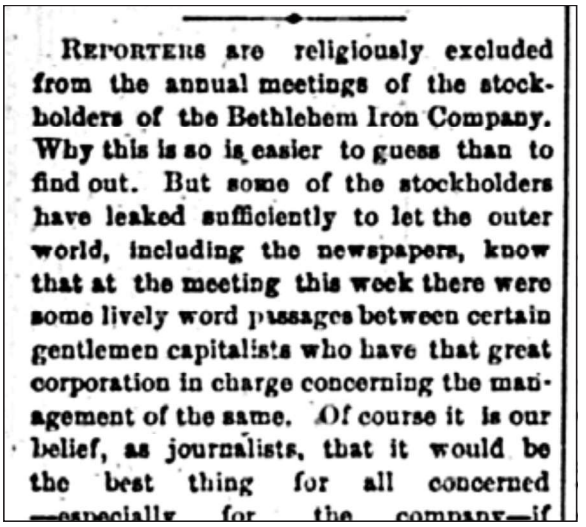
WAGES REDUCED.—The officers of the Bethlehem Iron Company gave their employees notice on Monday of last week that a general reduction of 20 per cent. would be made in their wages on August 1st. The officers say the cause of the reduction is the decline in the price of steel rails within the recent past, they having fallen $3 per ton. The company employs 2500 hands.

Wages in iron and steel mills have tumbled almost to the starvation point. If the tariff

Fig. 3: A week after the Bethlehem Iron Company reduced wages at the South Bethlehem plant to eighty and ninety cents a day, the *Allentown Democrat* reported on August 13, 1884 that English and Irish workmen began leaving with their families and returning to "their native lands, where they say they can do better than here." The newspaper had earlier characterized wages as "almost to the starvation point." The company's failure to be more transparent about its prospects led to an exodus of experienced workmen.

With business conditions suffering a year later, the company issued a dire warning in its 1885 annual meeting. "Without a general revival in business, the outlook for the coming year is not encouraging to either stockholders or workmen." observed the *Bethlehem Daily Times* on June 24, 1885.

(*Credit*: Allentown Democrat, August 6, 1884)



REPORTERS are religiously excluded from the annual meetings of the stockholders of the Bethlehem Iron Company. Why this is so is easier to guess than to find out. But some of the stockholders have leaked sufficiently to let the outer world, including the newspapers, know that at the meeting this week there were some lively word passages between certain gentlemen capitalists who have that great corporation in charge concerning the management of the same. Of course it is our belief, as journalists, that it would be the best thing for all concerned —especially for the company—if

Fig. 4: The editor of the *Bethlehem Daily Times* urged the Bethlehem Iron Company, later known as Bethlehem Steel, to be upfront with its employees and stockholders and explain the cause of the company's unprofitability. Adding to the anxiety, wrote the editor on June 26, 1885, "were some lively word passages" between the firm's board members. The episode highlights the economic reality that accountability and transparency are non-negotiable duties of company officials. (*Credit*: Bethlehem Daily Times, June 26, 1885)

With Vanderbilt's gaffe fresh in the minds of most working-class Americans, the Bethlehem Iron Company's 1885 annual meeting caught the attention of the *Bethlehem Daily Times* readers. The supply of iron and steel had grossly exceeded demand and the competition facing the company, later known as Bethlehem Steel, remained fierce. "The company has made no money for the past year," the editor reported on June 24, "and they foreshadow quite clearly that there will be no money made during the coming year." The editor expressed surprise at the severity of the company's downturn and how it had darkened the prospects for the steel mill's future. (*Fig. #3*)

Would it not be best, asked the *Daily Times* editor on June 26, 1885, "if there were no secrets from the world in the finances and management of the Bethlehem Iron Company?" "Rumors and counter rumors" about the firm "are constantly floating about." The editor urged management to release "facts and figures" to calm the surrounding community where most of the workers lived. (*Fig. #4*)

The alarm among the Bethlehem Iron Company board members remained shrouded in mystery until the *Daily Times* editor reported on June 26 that some company insiders "leaked sufficiently" to let the public know that "there were some lively word passages" between board members. The editor urged the South Bethlehem firm "to publish a full statement of receipts and expenditures" as do many other corporations. In so doing, the company would preserve its "dignity and public credit" rather than "by (its) present system of secrecy."

Trump has disregarded the lessons from the 1880s regarding corporate accountability and transparency. Workers abhor uncertainties about their employment. Exacerbating the situation, as Weil concluded, "is the needless uncertainty of not knowing whether the company's bosses are going to tell them what's going on in a timely manner." The requirement for a quarterly report is essential to ensure company management remains accountable.

Censoring left and right

Who is curtailing free speech?

by Ron Ennis, editor
Lehigh Valley Labor Council

Throughout American history, attempts to curtail free speech have surfaced, often during times of war or internal strife. Today, Donald Trump's efforts to limit speech have garnered significant backing from his supporters, who argue that, despite potential constitutional breaches, his actions were a necessary countermeasure against those who had long targeted them.

For years, "the left and the media showed nothing but contempt for free speech, perfecting the art of silencing their opponents," wrote Kimberley A. Strassel, a weekly columnist for the *Wall Street Journal* on September 19. "Conservatives were incensed by Joe Biden's censorship, and they were right to be."

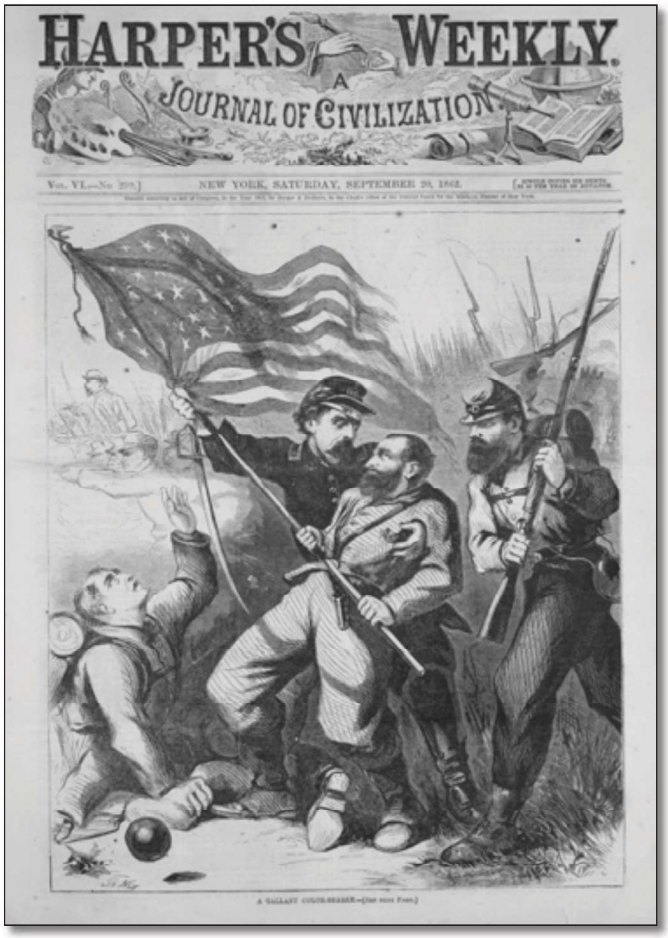
Gerard Baker, another weekly columnist for the *Journal*, acknowledged on September 23 that he felt "queasy" over the spectacle of a Trump regulator threatening broadcasters, but what the president had done isn't new. "From Abraham Lincoln and Franklin D. Roosevelt to Barack Obama and Joe Biden, presidents have waded into our precious freedoms with brio, lawsuits and regulatory fiat."

Baker's observation suggested a pattern, with the exception of Lincoln, that attacks on First Amendment free speech rights have predominantly originated from Democrats. In a September 27 *Journal* interview, Harvey Silverglate echoed that claim, arguing that free expression has "most often . . . been under attack from the left." A co-founder of the Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression (FIRE), Silverglate attributes the left's drive for censorship to a "Marxian logic," influenced by a German-American philosopher, Herbert Marcuse, who wrote books criticizing Soviet Marxism.

A more thorough examination of American history reveals a different narrative.

Silverglate dismisses the history of censorship targeting radical and left-wing views. The Immigration Act of 1903, signed into law by President Theodore Roosevelt, barred the entry of immigrants with radical affiliations. Government officials frequently curtailed workers' free speech rights to organize, engage in collective bargaining, or picket. For example, the federal government imprisoned labor leader Eugene V. Debs under the Espionage Act for opposing America's entry into the First World War. After the Second World War, Congress enacted the 1947 Taft-Hartley Act, which curbed the free speech rights of radical labor leaders. Sen. Joseph McCarthy compiled a list of alleged communists in public office several years later, further exemplifying right-wing censorship. And state authorities launched violent attacks on civil-rights marchers in the 1960s. Censoring left-wing views has a longstanding history in America predating the writings of Herbert Marcuse, a philosopher largely unknown to most Americans.

Baker's attempt to equate Trump's campaign against free speech with Lincoln's Civil War-era censorship measures is fundamentally flawed. The sixteenth president's measures, directed primarily at newspapers, the mail and the telegraph, remain a subject of historical debate, but it occurred in an era when free speech rights were undeveloped amidst an unparalleled national crisis. Trump's objections pale in comparison, underscoring the flawed nature of Baker's analogy. Moreover,



President Abraham Lincoln implemented censorship on newspapers and magazines during the Civil War. His actions remain a subject of historical debate. Trump supporters like to compare the current president's assault on free speech as akin to Lincoln's actions, but the comparison ignores important distinctions. The actions by Lincoln and Trump are separated by over 160 years under vastly different circumstance. (*Credit*: Harper's Weekly, September 20,-1862.)

Baker's mere expression of feeling "queasy" over Trump's threat to punish his opponents is alarmingly inadequate. When fundamental rights are under siege, a sense of urgency and alarm is imperative, not a mild discomfort akin to overindulging in hotdogs.

Strassel also fails to grasp the unprecedented nature of Trump's actions compared to his predecessors. No modern-day president has so ruthlessly and broadly wielded power to suppress opposing speech, whether directly or through appointees. Examples include college campuses, federal workers, political opponents, law firms, and media networks. It is crucial to recognize that the Biden administration's efforts to combat misinformation on social media during the Covid-19 pandemic were driven by a genuine commitment to public health and safety, not by petty or vindictive grievances. The US Supreme Court's decision to dismiss claims that the administration attempted to coerce companies into censoring speech further underscores the legitimacy and integrity of their actions.

Censorship in America has a long and complicated history. It does not fit in a narrow and myopic lens that some seem so desperate to employ to defend Trump.

In memoriam

Remembering Suzanjoy Checksfield

The Lehigh Valley Labor Council is saddened to announce the passing of Suzanjoy Checksfield, a dedicated trade unionist.

Over a long union career, Checksfield served the labor movement in numerous capacities. She served as secretary for the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees (IATSE) #200, whose jurisdiction covers Lehigh, Northampton, Monroe and Pike counties in Pennsylvania. She had a long career in theaters and concert venues, especially working in wardrobe and costume design.

As an activist for the Coalition of Labor Union Women (CLUW), Checksfield educated members on the contributions women made to the labor movement. Her outreach included participating in programs to commemorate the 1911 Triangle Shirtwaist Factory fire, in New York City, that killed 146 garment workers, mostly immigrant women and girls.

Suzanjoy Checksfield decorating a labor council float in the 2013 Allentown St. Patrick's Day Parade.

Checksfield also shared her creative talents with the Lehigh Valley Labor Council. For many years, her work adorned the tables, walls and stages of labor council dinners and celebrations. Although she was no longer an officer with the labor council at the time of her passing, she continued to attend monthly meetings to give her Education Committee reports. She gave her last report on September 17, just days before her death.

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■ ■ ■

"President Trump is once again weaponizing the legal system to fulfill his personal vendettas. . . . " He "and his supporters claim that Democrats started this era of 'lawfare' with their investigations into him. Yet those investigations were vastly different. Special counsels, chosen to operate more independently than typical prosecutors, carried out the federal inquiries into Mr. Trump. One special counsel during the Biden administration even investigated Joe Biden himself for his handling of classified documents. And the investigations into Mr. Trump came in response to his alarming actions (including) efforts to overturn the outcome of a presidential election."

The *New York Times* editorial board, October 10, 2025.

Buy American, Buy Union

Shopping for the holiday season

by Gregg Potter, International Union of Operating Engineers #542
Executive Vice-President, Lehigh Valley Labor Council

The holiday season is fast approaching, but there is still plenty of time to start thinking about buying gifts for friends and family. Check out the websites below for union-made and American-made products

Remember, companies often relocate their manufacturing facilities. If you should buy anything from the online retailers, check to be sure their products or services are domestically manufactured.

www.madeinusaforever.com
www.howtobuyamerican.com
www.unionplus.org
www.unionlabel.com
www.usstuff.com
www.americansworking.com
www.madeinamerica.com
www.buyamerican.com
www.labor411.org
www.unionproudusa.com

Computers and computer-related gear are high on the list of holiday gifts. Check out TDS Technologies, 1728 West Allen Street, Allentown. They also specialize in alarm and surveillance systems and can be reached at 610-351-4994. Best of all, the shop is represented by members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers #375.

I hope that none of you ever experience significant damage to your home, whether it be water, fire or other acts of nature. If you do, I sincerely recommend that you contact the Butz Co. You won't find a better company employing union construction tradesmen anywhere. My family chose to employ them for our home restoration project and the results speak for themselves. For more information, visit: https://butz.com/restoration/

Labor council's holiday preparations

Monday, December 15, 2025

The toy delivery/parade is set to begin at the United Auto Workers (UAW) #677 hall at 2101 Mack Blvd., Allentown. We will meet at 9:00 a.m. and load vehicles for the parade to Roosevelt Elementary school.

At approximately 10:15 a.m., we leave the UAW hall for our parade on Emmaus Ave. to Roosevelt. We will unload vehicles and stage the items in the Roosevelt gymnasium for the parents to "shop with dignity' the following week.

After the delivery, we will head to Jack's Slice for pizza and solidarity at 3400 Tilghman St., Allentown.

In lieu of a toy, you may make a monetary donation. All monetary donations should be sent to, Lehigh Valley Labor Council, Attn: Dennis Andrews, 1705 Northampton Street, Easton PA 18042.

You may also volunteer for the event. Please RSVP to Executive Vice-President Gregg Potter at potterfb@msn.com.

As always, thank you for your support.!

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THE NEXT MEETING WILL BE HELD ON

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 2025

Executive Board @ 7:00 PM – Delegate meeting @ 7:30 PM

Teamsters #773 3614 Lehigh Street, Whitehall PA 18052

The *News & Views* is produced by members of the Communication Workers Local #14827,
Lehigh Valley Print Center, 1701 Union Blvd., Suite 114, Allentown Pa. 18109
610-435-0313 / mail@LVprintcenter.com